

# Present perfect - Lesson

## Construction

Have / has + participe passé

## Les utilisations du present perfect

- pour quelque chose qui a commencé dans le passé mais qui a encore des effets dans le présent

*They've **been married** for nearly fifty years.*

*She **has lived** in Liverpool all her life.*

- Quand on parle d'expériences qui continuent jusqu'à aujourd'hui

*I've **seen** that film before.*

*I've **played** the guitar ever since I was a teenager.*

*He **has written** three books and he is working on another one.*

- On l'utilise toujours avec certains adverbes : **ever / never (? ou -) / recently / just / only just / so far / until now / up to now / yet / since (to show that sth started in the past)**

*My last birthday was the worst day I **have ever had**.*

***Have** you **ever met** George?*

*Yes, but I've **never met** his wife.*

*Scientists **have recently discovered** a new breed of monkey.*

*We **have just got** back from our holidays.*

***Have** you **ever seen** a ghost?*

*Where **have** you **been up to now**?*

*A: **Have** you **finished** your homework **yet**?*

*B: No, **so far I've** only **done** my history.*

*I've **worked** here **since I left school**.*

*I've **been watching** that programme every week **since it started**.*

- On utilise **have / has been** quand qn est allé dans un endroit et y est revenu

A: Where **have** you **been**?

B: I've just **been** out to the supermarket.

A: **Have** you **ever been** to San Francisco?

B: No, but I've **been** to Los Angeles.

Mais quand qn y est allé mais n'est pas encore revenu, on utilise **has gone**:

A: Where's Maria? I haven't seen her for weeks.

B: She's **gone** to Paris for a week. She'll be back tomorrow.

## BE CAREFUL !!!!!

- On n'utilise jamais le present perfect avec ces adverbes :  
yesterday - last week/month/year... / in 2017 / when I was younger...

I saw that film yesterday

We bought a car last week

When we were children, we lived in California

